

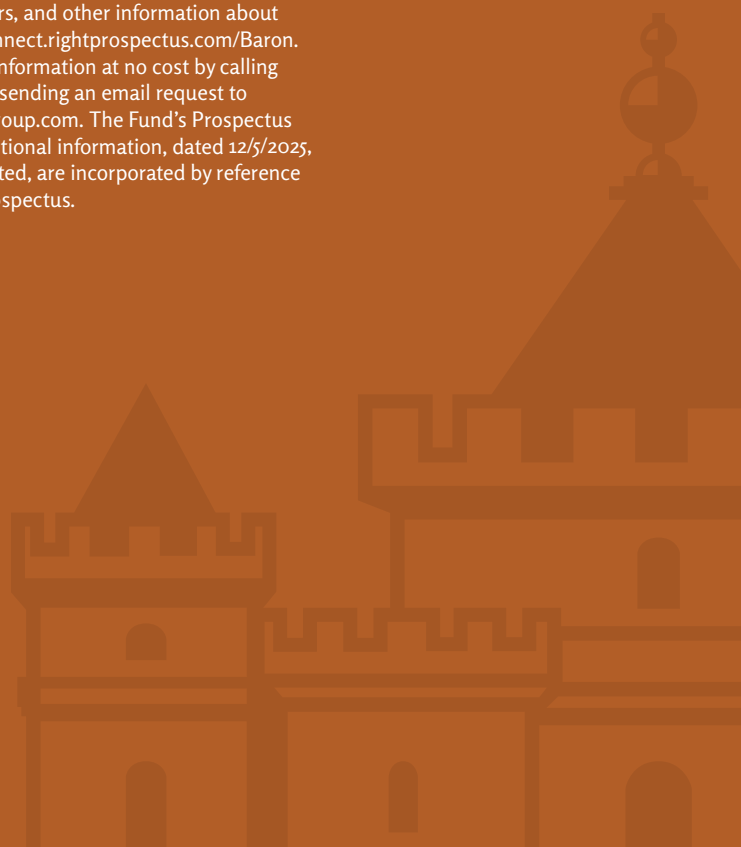
BARON CAPITAL®

BARON ETF TRUST™
SUMMARY PROSPECTUS
DECEMBER 5, 2025

BCTK | Baron Technology ETF™

Exchange: NASDAQ

Before you invest, you may want to review the Fund's Prospectus, which contains more information about the Fund and its risks. You can find the Fund's Prospectus, reports to shareholders, and other information about the Fund online at connect.rightprospectus.com/Baron. You can also get this information at no cost by calling 800-99-BARON or by sending an email request to info@BaronCapitalGroup.com. The Fund's Prospectus and statement of additional information, dated 12/5/2025, as may be supplemented, are incorporated by reference into this summary prospectus.



Baron Technology ETF

Investment Goal

The investment goal of Baron Technology ETF (the “Fund”) is capital appreciation.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you would pay if you buy, hold, and sell shares of the Fund. **You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table and example below.**

Annual Fund Operating Expenses

(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

| | Management Fee ¹ | Other Expenses ² | Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Baron Technology ETF | 0.75% | 0.00% | 0.75% |

¹ Pursuant to the Fund’s unitary management fee structure, BAMCO, Inc. (“BAMCO” or the “Adviser”) will pay all expenses of the Fund, except for portfolio transaction costs, interest and dividend expense, acquired fund fees and expenses, fees and expenses related to filing foreign tax reclaims, and extraordinary expenses.

² “Other Expenses” have been estimated for the current fiscal year.

Example

This example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

| YEAR | 1 | 3 | 5 | 10 |
|----------------------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| Baron Technology ETF | \$77 | \$240 | \$417 | \$930 |

Portfolio Turnover. The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate

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may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes for Fund shareholders. These costs, which are not reflected in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year of the Predecessor Fund (as defined below), the Predecessor Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 36% of the average value of its portfolio.

Investments, Risks, and Performance

Principal Investment Strategies of the Fund

The Fund is a non-diversified fund that, under normal circumstances, invests at least 80% of its net assets in equity securities (including depositary receipts) of U.S. and non-U.S. technology companies of any market capitalization, selected for their durable growth potential from the development, advancement and use of technology, however, investments in non-U.S. securities are limited to 35% of the Fund's total assets at the time of purchase. Technology companies may include those companies in the businesses of, among others: software, IT consulting, IT services, interactive home entertainment, interactive media and services, networking equipment, telecom services, communications equipment, technology hardware, storage and peripherals, electronic equipment, instruments and components, semiconductors and semiconductor equipment, and internet and direct marketing retail. Technology companies may be located anywhere in the world, including developing countries. A developing country is a country included in the MSCI Emerging Markets (EM) Index and other countries determined by the Adviser to be developing countries based on classifications made by the International Monetary Fund or on country characteristics similar to those of the countries in the EM Index. BAMCO seeks to invest in businesses it believes have significant opportunities for growth, sustainable competitive advantages, exceptional management, and an attractive valuation.

Principal Risks of Investing in the Fund

Technology. Technology companies, including internet-related and information technology companies, as well as companies propelled by new technologies, may present the risk of rapid change and product obsolescence, and their successes may be difficult to predict for the long term. Some technology companies may be newly formed and have limited operating history and experience. Technology companies may also be adversely affected by changes in governmental policies, competitive pressures and changing demand. The securities of these companies may also experience significant price movements caused by disproportionate investor optimism or pessimism, with little or no basis in the companies' fundamentals or economic conditions.

Non-Diversified Portfolio. The Fund is non-diversified, which means it may have a greater percentage of its assets in a single issuer than a diversified fund. Because of this, a non-diversified fund may invest a greater percentage of its assets in fewer issuers, and the performance of those issuers may have a greater effect on the performance of a non-diversified fund versus a diversified fund. Thus, a non-diversified fund is more likely to experience significant fluctuations in value, exposing the Fund to a greater risk of loss in any given period than a diversified fund.

Concentration. The Fund's strategy of concentrating in technology and related companies means that its performance will be closely tied to the performance of a particular market segment. The Fund's concentration in these companies may present more risks than if it were broadly diversified over numerous industries and sectors of the economy. A downturn in these companies would have a larger impact on the Fund than on a mutual fund that does not concentrate in such companies. At times, the performance of these companies will lag the performance of other industries or the broader market as a whole

Growth Investing. Growth stocks can react differently to issuer, political, market and economic developments than the market as a whole and other types of stocks. Growth stocks tend to be more expensive relative to their earnings or assets compared to other types of stocks. As a result, because growth stocks tend to be sensitive to changes in their earnings and to increasing interest rates and inflation, they tend to be more volatile than other types of stocks. In response, from time to time, growth investing as an investment style may go out of favor with investors.

General Stock Market. Fund losses may be incurred due to declines in one or more markets in which Fund investments are made. These declines may be the result of, among other things, political, regulatory, market, economic or social developments affecting the relevant market(s). In addition, turbulence has recently been experienced, caused, among other reasons, by increased inflation, tightening monetary policy and interest rate increases by the US Federal Reserve or similar international bodies, and reduced liquidity in financial markets may continue to negatively affect many issuers, which could have an adverse effect on your Fund investment. Events involving limited liquidity, defaults, non-performance or other adverse developments that affect one industry, such as the financial services industry, or concerns or rumors about any events of these kinds, have in the past and may in the future lead to market-wide liquidity problems, may spread to other industries, and could negatively affect the value and liquidity of the Fund's investments. Global economies and financial markets are increasingly interconnected, and conditions and events in one country, region or financial market, such as Russia's invasion of Ukraine in February 2022 and the world-wide response to it, have and may continue to adversely impact issuers and markets worldwide. Increasingly strained relations between countries, including between the U.S. and traditional allies and/or

adversaries, could adversely affect U.S. issuers as well as non-U.S. issuers that rely on the United States for trade. A fund's securities may be negatively impacted by inflation (or expectations for inflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products/services or resources, supply chain disruptions, natural disasters, pandemics, epidemics, terrorism, war, military confrontations, changes in trade regulations, elevated levels of government debt, internal unrest and discord, economic sanctions, regulatory events and governmental or quasi-governmental actions, among others. The active and expanding conflict in the Middle East between Israel and Hamas presents considerable market risks. Raising the ceiling on U.S. government debt has become increasingly politicized. Any failure to increase the total amount that the U.S. government is authorized to borrow could lead to a default on U.S. government obligations, with unpredictable consequences for economies and markets in the U.S. and elsewhere.

Non-U.S. Securities. Investing in non-U.S. securities may involve additional risks to those inherent in investing in U.S. securities, including exchange rate fluctuations, political or economic instability, the imposition of exchange controls, expropriation, limited disclosure and illiquid markets.

Developing Countries. The Fund invests in developing countries, which include countries in the MSCI Emerging Markets (EM) index and other countries determined by the Adviser to be developing countries based on classifications made by the International Monetary Fund or on country characteristics similar to those of the countries in the EM index. Investments in developing countries are subject to all of the risks of non-U.S. investing generally, and have additional heightened risks due to a lack of established legal, political, business and social frameworks to support securities markets, including: delays in settling portfolio securities transactions; currency and capital controls; greater sensitivity to interest rate changes; pervasiveness of corruption and crime; currency exchange rate volatility; and inflation, deflation or currency devaluation.

Small- and Mid-Sized Companies. The Adviser believes there is more potential for capital appreciation in small- and mid-sized companies, but there also may be more risk. Securities of small- and mid-sized companies may not be well known to most investors, and the securities may be less actively traded than those of large businesses.

The securities of small- and mid-sized companies may fluctuate in price more widely than the stock market generally, and they may be more difficult to sell during market downturns. Small- and mid-sized companies rely more on the skills of management and on their continued tenure. Investing in small- and mid-sized companies requires a long-term outlook and may require shareholders to assume more risk and to have more patience than investing in the securities of larger, more established companies.

ETF Structure Risks.

- **Authorized Participant Concentration Risk.** Only an authorized participant may engage in creation or redemption transactions directly with the Fund. The Fund has a limited number of intermediaries that act as authorized participants and none of these authorized participants is or will be obligated to engage in creation or redemption transactions. There can be no assurance that an active trading market for the Fund's shares will develop or be maintained. To the extent that these intermediaries exit the business or are unable to or choose not to proceed with creation and/or redemption orders with respect to the Fund, such as during periods of market stress, and no other authorized participant creates or redeems, shares may trade at a discount to NAV per share and possibly face trading halts and/or delisting. Authorized participant concentration risk may be heightened to the extent the Fund invests in securities issued by non-U.S. issuers or other securities or instruments that have lower trading volumes.
- **Cash Transactions Risk.** Unlike certain ETFs, the Fund may effect creations and redemptions in cash or partially in cash. Therefore, it may be required to sell portfolio securities and subsequently recognize gains on such sales that the Fund might not have recognized if it were to distribute portfolio securities in-kind. As such, investments in shares may be less tax-efficient than an investment in an ETF that distributes portfolio securities entirely in-kind.
- **Trading Risk.** The market prices of shares are expected to fluctuate, in some cases materially, in response to changes in the Fund's NAV, the intra-day value of the Fund's holdings, and supply and demand for shares. The Adviser cannot predict whether shares will trade above, below or at their NAV. Disruptions to creations and redemptions, the existence of significant market volatility or potential lack of an active trading market for the shares (including through a trading halt), as well as other factors, may result in the shares trading significantly above (at a premium) or below (at a discount) to NAV or to the intraday value of the Fund's holdings. You may pay significantly more or receive significantly less than the Fund's NAV per share during periods when there is a significant premium or discount. Buying or selling shares in the secondary market may require paying brokerage commissions or other charges imposed by brokers as determined by that broker. Brokerage commissions are often a fixed amount and may be a significant proportional cost when seeking to buy or sell relatively small amounts of shares. In addition, the market price of shares, like the price of any exchange-traded security, includes a "bid-ask spread" charged by the market makers or other participants that trade the particular security. The spread of the Fund's shares varies over time based on the Fund's trading volume and market liquidity and may increase if the Fund's trading volume, the spread of the Fund's underlying securities, or market liquidity decrease. In addition, the

securities held by the Fund may be traded in markets that close at a different time than the Fund's listing exchange. Liquidity in those securities may be reduced after the applicable closing times. Accordingly, during the time when the Fund's listing exchange is open but after the applicable market closing, fixing or settlement times, bid-ask spreads on the Fund's listing exchange and the corresponding premium or discount to the shares' NAV may widen.

Large Shareholder Risk. Certain shareholders, including other funds advised by the Adviser, may from time to time own a substantial amount of the Fund's Shares. In addition, a third party investor, the Adviser or an affiliate of the Adviser, an authorized participant, a lead market maker, or another entity (*i.e.*, a seed investor) may invest in the Fund and hold its investment solely to facilitate commencement of the Fund or to facilitate the Fund's achieving a specified size or scale. Any such investment may be held for a limited period of time. There can be no assurance that any large shareholder would not redeem its investment, that the size of the Fund would be maintained at such levels or that the Fund would continue to meet applicable listing requirements. Redemptions by large shareholders could have a significant negative impact on the Fund, including on the Fund's liquidity. In addition, transactions by large shareholders may account for a large percentage of the trading volume on The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC ("NASDAQ") and may, therefore, have a material upward or downward effect on the market price of the Shares.

Performance

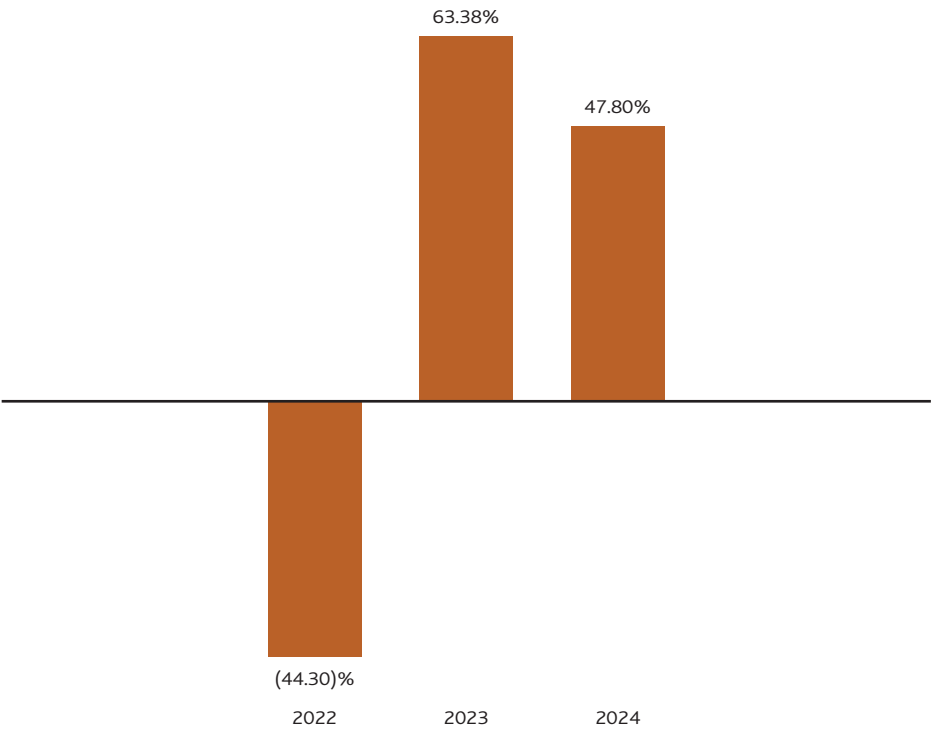
It is currently contemplated that before the Fund commences operations, the Predecessor Fund, Baron Technology Fund, a series of Baron Select Funds, will transfer its assets and liabilities to the Fund in a tax-free reorganization (the "Reorganization"). The Fund and the Predecessor Fund have identical investment objectives and fundamental investment policies, as well as substantially similar investment strategies. However, ETFs, such as the Fund, are structurally different from mutual funds, such as the Predecessor Fund, in several important aspects, including the ability for ETF shareholders to trade shares intraday on an exchange at market prices, the full daily transparency of the ETF's portfolio holdings and the potential for increased tax efficiency.

The performance of the Predecessor Fund has not been restated to reflect the annual operating expenses of the Fund, which are lower than those of the Predecessor Fund. Because the Fund has different fees and expenses than the Predecessor Fund, the Fund would also have had different performance results. Additionally, if the Predecessor Fund had operated as an ETF, its performance may have differed.

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The accompanying bar chart and table provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. Performance results shown in the bar chart and the performance table below reflect the performance of the Institutional Class shares of the Predecessor Fund. The bar chart shows the Predecessor Fund's year-by-year performance and its average annual performance compared to that of a broad measure of market performance. Updated performance information for the Predecessor Fund is available at www.BaronCapitalGroup.com/daily-prices-and-performance or by calling 1-800-99BARON (1-800-992-2766). The Predecessor Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.

Total Return (%) for the year ended December 31 (Institutional Shares)



Best Quarter: 3/31/23 22.44%
Worst Quarter: 6/30/22 (25.96)%

Average Annual Total Returns (for period ended 12/31/2024)

The following table presents the Predecessor Fund's Institutional Shares' annual returns and long-term performance (before and after taxes), along with the change in

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value of relevant market indexes for the year ended December 31, 2024. These indexes include: the MSCI ACWI Information Technology Index, which includes large and mid cap securities across 23 Developed Markets (DM) countries and 24 Emerging Markets (EM) countries that are classified in the Information Technology as per the Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS®), in which the Predecessor Fund invests; the S&P 500 Index, a broad-based index representing the overall U.S. equity market; and the MSCI ACWI Index, a global equity index capturing large- and mid-cap representation across 23 Developed Markets (DM) and 24 Emerging Markets (EM) countries.

After-tax returns are calculated using the highest individual federal marginal income tax rate in effect at the time of each distribution and assumed sale, but they do not include the impact of state and local taxes.

Your actual after-tax returns depend on your own tax situation and may differ from those shown. After-tax returns reflect past tax effects and are not predictive of future tax effects. After- tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold their Fund’s shares in a tax-deferred account (including a 401(k) or IRA or Coverdell account), or to investors that are tax-exempt.

Average Annual Total Returns for the periods ended December 31, 2024

| | 1 year | 5 years | 10 years | Since Inception |
|---|--------|---------|----------|-----------------|
| Baron Technology ETF | | | | |
| Institutional Shares (Inception date: 12-31-2021) | | | | |
| Return before taxes | 47.80% | N/A | N/A | 10.38% |
| Return after taxes on distributions | 47.80% | N/A | N/A | 10.38% |
| Return after taxes on distributions and sale of Fund shares | 28.30% | N/A | N/A | 8.08% |
| MSCI ACWI Information Technology Index (reflects no deduction for fees or expenses) | 31.59% | N/A | N/A | 11.06% |
| S&P 500 (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes) | 25.02% | N/A | N/A | 8.94% |
| MSCI ACWI Index (reflects no deduction for fees or expenses) | 17.49% | N/A | N/A | 5.44% |

Management

Investment Adviser. BAMCO is the investment adviser of the Fund.

Portfolio Manager. Michael Lippert and Ashim Mehra have been the co-managers of the Fund since its inception in 2025. Michael Lippert and Ashim Mehra were the

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co-managers of the Predecessor Fund since its inception on December 31, 2021. Mr. Lippert has worked at the Adviser as an analyst since December of 2001 and as a portfolio manager since March of 2006. Mr. Mehra has worked at the Adviser as an analyst since July of 2011 and as a portfolio manager since May of 2018.

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Individual shares of the Fund may only be purchased and sold in secondary market transactions through a broker or dealer at market price. Because shares trade at market prices, rather than NAV, shares of the Fund may trade at a price greater than NAV (i.e., a premium) or less than NAV (i.e., a discount).

You may incur costs attributable to the difference between the highest price a buyer is willing to pay for shares (bid) and the lowest price a seller is willing to accept for shares (ask) (the “bid-ask spread”) when buying or selling shares in the secondary market.

Recent information, including information about the Fund’s NAV, market price, premiums and discounts, and bid-ask spreads (when available), will be available on the Fund’s website at www.BaronCapitalGroup.com.

Tax Information

Distributions of the Fund’s net investment income (other than “qualified dividend income”) and distributions of net short-term capital gains will be taxable to you as ordinary income. Distributions of the Fund’s net long-term capital gains reported as capital gain dividends by the Fund will be taxable to you as long-term capital gains, regardless of the length of time you have held shares of the Fund. If you are investing through a tax-deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account, you may be subject to federal income tax on withdrawals from tax-deferred arrangement at a later date.

Financial Intermediary Compensation

If you purchase Shares of the Fund through a broker, dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank or financial adviser), the Fund, Baron Capital, Inc., the Fund’s Distributor, BAMCO or their affiliates may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker, dealer or other financial intermediary, including your salesperson, to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary’s website for more information.

